EXCUSED ABSENCE/LEAVE DUE TO EXTREME WEATHER
Applicable to U.S. (APF & NAF) and Non-U.S. civilian employees

PURPOSE: To provide information on policies and workplace flexibilities for coping with dangerous weather conditions.

US CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES:

- Commanders may authorize administrative leave in accordance with applicable regulations and instructions due to environmental conditions such as hazardous winter weather or severe heat, “only in exceptional instances where working or commuting conditions are unusually severe and the health of employees is endangered”

- The authority for closure of all or part of an activity and administrative excusal of employees lies with installation commanders, commanders of combatant commands, and lead commanders designated in areas with more than one activity

- Employees are expected to work if conditions in the workplace are reasonably adequate. Group dismissal is rare and only authorized when conditions are severe or normal operations would be significantly disrupted. Before administrative excusal may be granted, it must be clearly established by reasonable standards of judgment that the conditions are such as to actually prevent working

- Individual employees affected by environmental conditions may request leave

- When early dismissal is authorized, employees in a duty status at the time set for dismissal are excused without charge to leave. Employees who leave before the scheduled dismissal time, or who are already in a leave status and scheduled to be in a leave status during the time of dismissal, continue to be charged leave

- APF Employees Only: On 23 Dec 16, Congress enacted the Administrative Leave Act providing OPM with authority to regulate certain types of leave, including “weather and safety leave.” OPM issued final regulations on 10 Apr 18 which make clear the circumstances in which weather and safety leave may be used. When authorized, APF employees will submit a leave request for administrative leave (LN) in ATAAPPS using the subcode PS.
• NAF Employees Only: The NAF Personnel Program Management and Administration Procedures Guide (June 2019) will be used for NAF employees authorized early dismissal to determine pay eligibility, leave procedures, and timekeeping requirements using the NAF SETS timekeeping system.

**NON-US CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES:** According to § 618 German Civil Code the employer has a duty to care for its employees. This general duty of care is specified by the workplace ordinance and the workplace rule ASR A 3.5 "room temperature."

- If the air temperature in work and social rooms exceeds a temperature of 26 °C (79 °F), the room should be equipped with suitable sun protection systems

- The employer is only obligated to take action when the air temperature in the room exceeds 30 °C (86 °F). Effective measures such as the installation of blinds, ventilation during the cool morning hours or the provision of drinks may be taken. It is the decision of the employer which measures are taken to lower the room temperature

- If the room temperature rises above 35 °C (95 °F), the room is not suitable as a working space without technical, organizational or personal measures during this period of time. Employers and employees must work together to make the high temperatures bearable through appropriate measures or behavior which may include:

  - **Inside**
    - Intensive ventilation of the rooms (preferably during the morning hours)
    - Only turn on sources of additional heat (printer, copier) if necessary
    - Minimize sun exposure by closing the blinds
    - Stay hydrated (the normal water requirement for adults is 1.8 - 2.5 liters)
    - Reduce intake of caffeine-containing drinks as these cause dehydration
    - Utilize your break time
    - If necessary, use mobile air conditioning units or an electrical fan
    - Organizational measures such as longer breaks or shortening the working hours can be authorized by commanders

  - **Outside**
    - Pay attention to sufficient UV protection and void unnecessary sunlight
    - Wear clothing and headgear that protects you from sunlight
    - Wear sunglasses and apply sun protection on exposed body parts
    - Use or create a shaded area (e.g., by parasol)
    - Keep hydrated!
    - Even in the heat, necessary protective equipment must be worn! For physically strenuous work, longer rest periods may be scheduled
    - Heavy physical work should be moved to the morning hours
REFERENCES:

- DoDI 1400.25V610_AFI 36-807, AFI 36-815, *Hours of Work and Holiday Observances*, Enclosure 3
- Nonappropriated Fund Personnel Program Management and Administration Procedures Guide (June 2019)
- DoDI 1400.25-M, *Department of Defense Civilian Personnel Manual*
- The Office of Personnel Management (OPM) *Governmentwide Dismissal and Closure Procedures*
- OPM Memorandum CPM 2019-17, *Coping with Severe Heat and Humidity*
- OPM Memorandum CPM 2019-22, *Governmentwide Dismissal and Closure Procedures*
- 5 CFR 630.1601
- 5 USC 6329c(b)

Additional guidance on this topic is available from your Employee Relations Specialist.