Legal Basis: 11th COVID-19 Abatement State Ordinance

Hygiene Concept for Outdoor Pools and Swimming Lakes

The following hygiene provisions are to be complied with for all operated pools which are no indoor pools.

- 1. Applicable physical distancing and applicable contact restrictions are assured by the following measures:
 - a. Access to outdoor pools and swimming lakes has to be assured in a way that not more customers gain access to the outdoor pool and the swimming lake than spaces and facilities can be used with observance of physical distancing rules. Personnel restriction (one person per five square meter) has to be complied with whenever there are more than 10 persons in the facility.
 - b. Control personnel/staff will advise visitors of physical distance rules in accordance with applicable COVID-19 Abatement State Ordinance. Measures to control access and to assure physical distance are to be taken; this includes walkway concepts shown by signs. One-way rules are to be implemented wherever possible. Waiting areas (e.g. in front of sales stands and toilets) must always have markings showing minimum physical distances.
- 2. Organization of Outdoor Pools/Swimming Lakes:
 - It must be assured that all personal contacts of visitors can be tracked. Contact data (family name, first name, address, telephone number), which assure that the person can be contacted, as well as date and time of the visitor's presence must be gathered under observance of privacy act provisions by the operator of the facility and kept for a period of one month; upon expiration of this period data are to be deleted without any delay.
 - a. Use of sanitary facilities and changing rooms is authorized when applicable protective measures are followed. Changing rooms for groups of people are preferably restricted to the use of single visitors or family members of one household.
 - b. Catering is authorized under restrictions applicable to gastronomy businesses.

- c. Pools for sports are to be equipped with markings for swimming lanes (cords, ropes). A concept for regulated swimming operation is to be set up. When pools for infants and for non-swimmers are used the physical distancing rules have to be complied with in particular.
- 3. Individual Provisions applicable to Persons.
 - a. Persons showing symptoms of infections of the respiratory system are to be banned from entry.
 - b. All persons must wash or disinfect their hands upon access of the facility. Suitable washing locations and disinfectant dispensers are to be held in supply by the operator of the facility.
 - c. Visitors are to be informed about applicable protective measures, and rules of behavior (inclduing general rules of protection from infections like 'sneezing etiquette', classification of cold symptoms etc.) are to be posted by suitable signs.
 - d. Visitors as well as staff wear face covers as far as the COVID-19 Abatement Ordinance in its applicable version provides for that.
 - e. Cashier personnel can be protected by a separating screen. Personnel protected by a separating screen or by other suitable protective measures can be exempted from weering face covers.
 - f. Within pools and swimming lakes a minimum distance of 1.5 meter is to be observed.
 - g. Rental of swimming utensils ('swimming noodles', rings for diving etc.) is not permissible if these items cannot be disinfected after use.

4. Provisions applicable to the Facility:

- a. In sanitation rooms, break rooms and rooms used by groups of people disinfectant agents for hands, liquid soap and one-way towels are to be supplied.
- Targeted measures are to be taken to minimize contamination of rooms with aerosols. All rooms which can be accessed by visitors have to be ventilated sufficiently.

5. General Rules:

- a. A duty schedule has to assure that a person responsible for the operation of the facility is on site during hours of operation.
- b. Persons who are not willing to comply with the below rules will be banned from accessing the facility or from staying there by virtue of domestic authority.
- c. Furthermore and in justified cases the responsible authority may grant exception to policy or direct other hygiene requirements as far as a provision in acccordance with COVID-19 Abatement Ordinance is not mandatory, if the protective level seems similar and if the purpose of COVID-19 Abatement Ordinance is complied with.